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APPLICATION NO.	FII	LING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
09/977,432	1	0/15/2001	Chen-Kun James Shen	08919-016003	3256	
26161	7590	01/27/2005		EXAMINER		
FISH & RIC		ON PC		KAUSHAL, SUMESH		
225 FRANKLIN ST BOSTON, MA 02110				ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
,				1636		

DATE MAILED: 01/27/2005

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)	
Advisory Action	09/977,432	SHEN, CHEN-KUN	JAMES
,	Examiner	Art Unit	
	Sumesh Kaushal Ph.D.	1636	
The MAILING DATE of this communication appe	ars on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence add	ress
THE REPLY FILED 13 January 2005 FAILS TO PLACE Therefore, further action by the applicant is required to average final rejection under 37 CFR 1.113 may only be either: (1) condition for allowance; (2) a timely filed Notice of Appeal Examination (RCE) in compliance with 37 CFR 1.114.	oid abandonment of this applicated a simely filed amendment which	ation. A proper reply n places the applica	y to a tion in
PERIOD FOR RE	PLY [check either a) or b)]		
a) The period for reply expires 5 months from the mailing date b) The period for reply expires on: (1) the mailing date of this A no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire I ONLY CHECK THIS BOX WHEN THE FIRST REPLY WAS 706.07(f). Extensions of time may be obtained under 37 CFR 1.136(a). The fee have been filed is the date for purposes of determining the period of fee under 37 CFR 1.17(a) is calculated from: (1) the expiration date of (2) as set forth in (b) above, if checked. Any reply received by the Office timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 C	Advisory Action, or (2) the date set forth ater than SIX MONTHS from the mailing FILED WITHIN TWO MONTHS OF THE date on which the petition under 37 CFI of extension and the corresponding amount the shortened statutory period for reply the later than three months after the mail	g date of the final rejecting FINAL REJECTION. R 1.136(a) and the approper the final	on. See MPEP ppriate extension opriate extension Office action: or
1. A Notice of Appeal was filed on Appellant's 37 CFR 1.192(a), or any extension thereof (37 CFF			
2. The proposed amendment(s) will not be entered be	ecause:		
(a) They raise new issues that would require further	er consideration and/or search (s	see NOTE below);	
(b) they raise the issue of new matter (see Note b	elow);	,	
(c) they are not deemed to place the application in issues for appeal; and/or	n better form for appeal by mate	rially reducing or sir	nplifying the
(d) they present additional claims without cancelli	ng a corresponding number of fi	nally rejected claim	S.
NOTE:			
3. Applicant's reply has overcome the following reject	ion(s):		
4. Newly proposed or amended claim(s) would canceling the non-allowable claim(s).	be allowable if submitted in a se	parate, timely filed	amendment
5. ☐ The a) ☐ affidavit, b) ☐ exhibit, or c) ☐ request for application in condition for allowance because: See	reconsideration has been consideration has been consideration Sheet.	dered but does NO	Γ place the
6. The affidavit or exhibit will NOT be considered becaraised by the Examiner in the final rejection.	ause it is not directed SOLELY to	o issues which were	e newly
7. For purposes of Appeal, the proposed amendments explanation of how the new or amended claims we	(s) a)∏ will not be entered or b) ould be rejected is provided belo	oxtimes will be entered a w or appended.	nd an
The status of the claim(s) is (or will be) as follows:			
Claim(s) allowed:			
Claim(s) objected to:			
Claim(s) rejected: <u>33-40,45,46 and 51-57</u> .			
Claim(s) withdrawn from consideration:			
8. ☐ The drawing correction filed on is a) ☐ appr	oved or b) disapproved by the	ne Examiner.	
9. Note the attached Information Disclosure Statemen	it(s)(PTO-1449) Paper No(s)	·	
10. Other:	. , –	N	-
		JEFFREY FREDA PRIMARY EXAMIN	

¹Continuation of 5. does NOT place the application in condition for allowance because:

Claims 33-36, 45-46 and 51-53 stand rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Zhang et al (JBC 270(15):8501-8505, 1995, ref of record) in view of Miller et al (Biotechniques 7(9):980-990, 1989 ref of record), for the same reasons of record as set forth in the office action mailed on 12/03/04.

In addition, claims 37-40 and 54-57 stand rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Zhang et al (JBC 270(15):8501-8505, 1995, ref of record) in view of Miller et al (Biotechniques 7(9):980-990, 1989 ref of record) as applied to claims 33-36, 41-46 and 51-53 above, and further in view of Jarman et al (Mol. Cell. Bio. 11(9):4679-4689, 1991; ref of record), for the same reasons of record as set forth in the office action mailed on 12/03/04

Response to arguments

The applicant argues that the retroviral vector comprising ζ -globin enhancer (as claimed) is an unexpected result and as a result one skilled in the art would not have been motivated to make retroviral vectors containing the ζ -globin enhancer region. The applicant argues that in view of MPEP 716.02(a) and as well as In re Chupp, 816 F2nd 643, 646, 2USPQ2nd 1437, 1439 (Fed Cir. 1987) the unexpected high-level expression in transgenic animals is enough to rebut prima facie case of obviousness. The applicant argues that as in In re Chupp, evidence showing that the claimed (expression vector) was more effective than the closest prior art (vector for expression in an animal) was sufficient to overcome the rejection under 35 U.S.C. 103, even though the claimed (vector) was an average performer (for expression in a cell line).

However, this is found NOT persuasive because the invention as claimed is drawn to a retroviral vector encoding a ζ -globin enhancer operatively linked to promoter that drives the expression of a gene of interest. As stated in the earlier office action Lung et al (ref cited by applicant) clearly teaches that a retroviral vector containing an HS-40 enhancer provides high level of in MEL cells (see abstract, page 614, fig-1). In addition the declaration by Dr. Shen only teaches transgene expression (mtHS40-zGH) in transgenic mice which does not support applicants assertion that a retroviral vector as claimed is an unexpected finding, especially in view of fact that a retroviral vector containing an HS-40 enhancer is capable of providing a high level of gene expression in isolated MEL cells (see Lung et al). Furthermore any differences between the claimed invention and the prior art may be expected to result in some differences in properties. The issue is whether the properties differ to such an extent that the difference is really unexpected. In re Merck & Co., 800 F.2d 1091, 231 USPQ 375 (Fed. Cir. 1986). In instant case as demonstrated by Lung et al (ref cited by applicant) a retroviral vector containing an HS-40 enhancer is capable of providing high level of gene expression in MEL cells (see abstract, page 614, fig-1). Thus the invention as claimed is not an unexpected result but a prima facie obvious product in view of cited prior art of record